

Homework is due on June 15th, before the tutorial.

### Exercise 1 (H) (*Termination*)

Let  $\Sigma = \{a, b, c, d\}$ , with unary function symbols  $a$ ,  $b$  und  $c$  and a constant symbol  $d$ . Show that the term rewriting system with the following rules terminates:

$$\begin{aligned}b(a(x)) &\longrightarrow a(b^2(c(x))) \\c(a(x)) &\longrightarrow a(b(c^2(x))) \\c(b(x)) &\longrightarrow b(c(x))\end{aligned}$$

Hint: Consider how the number of occurrences of  $a$ s changes in each step. Then regard the sequences of function symbols in between the  $a$ s as strings.

### Exercise 2 (H) (*Reduction Ordering*)

Recall that a reduction ordering is a well-founded ordering on terms that is compatible with context and closed under substitutions. Now consider the subterm ordering  $>_{ST}$ , defined so that  $s >_{ST} t$  iff  $t$  is a proper subterm of  $s$ .

- a) Show that  $>_{ST}$  is no reduction ordering.
- b) Show that a term-rewriting system  $R$  with  $R \subseteq >_{ST}$  always terminates. Here,  $R \subseteq >_{ST}$  means that  $l >_{ST} r$  for every rewrite rule  $(l \longrightarrow r) \in R$ .

### Exercise 3 (T) (*Termination*)

A term rewriting system  $R$  is called *right reduced*, if for all  $(l \longrightarrow r) \in R$ , the right hand side  $r$  is irreducible. Show that every right reduced and right ground term rewriting system terminates.

Hint: Consider the positions in the term at which rules from  $R$  may be applied, and specify a suitable order on terms. Is there a simpler way to get this lemma as a corollary from a lemma that was presented in the lecture?

### Exercise 4 (T) (*Deciding Termination for Right-Ground TRSs*)

In the lecture, we discussed a procedure to decide termination of right-ground term rewriting systems. It is important that we use a breadth-first search strategy, as you shall demonstrate in this exercise.

Given the following procedure that uses a depth-first approach:

**Input** A right ground term rewriting system  $R = \{l_1 \longrightarrow r_1, \dots, l_n \longrightarrow r_n\}$ .

**Procedure** Enumerate all reduction sequences that start with  $r_1$ , in depth-first order. If one of those sequences contains  $r_1$  as a subterm, output *non-terminating*. Otherwise continue with the sequences starting at  $r_2$ , and so on. If all right hand sides have been processed, output *terminating*.

Find a right-ground term rewriting system such that the above procedure does not terminate.